

Economics 597: Nonparametric Econometrics

Department of Economics, Finance and Legal Studies

University of Alabama

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Midterm I

The exam consists of three questions on three pages. Each question is of equal value.

1. Consider the bias and variance formulas for the univariate kernel density estimator

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Bias} [\hat{f}(x)] &\simeq \frac{h^2}{2} f^{(2)}(x) \kappa_2(k) \\ \text{Var} [\hat{f}(x)] &\simeq \frac{1}{nh} f(x) R(k) \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Give the formula for the asymptotic mean integrated squared error (AMISE).
- (b) Explain the relevance of each term in part (a).
- (c) Using the formula given in part (a), derive the optimal bandwidth.
- (d) Explain the relevance of each term in part (c).
- (e) Explain how you could make the optimal bandwidth in part (c) functional.

2. For the test of equality (Fan, 1994), show that the conditions show that the conditions for

$$H_n(z_i, z_j) = k \left(\frac{x_i - x_j}{h} \right) + k \left(\frac{y_i - y_j}{h} \right) - k \left(\frac{x_i - y_j}{h} \right) - k \left(\frac{y_i - x_j}{h} \right)$$

being a second-order degenerate U-statistic hold. For simplicity, assume a scalar variable and that the sample sizes and bandwidths are the same (i.e., $q = 1$, $n_1 = n_2$ and $h_x = h_y$).

3. Consider the lines of R code below. Write a brief note next to each line to explain what is happening. What is this code attempting to accomplish?

```
rm(list=ls())
set.seed(123456)

library(stats)

dat <- read.csv("data2000hpr.csv", header=TRUE)
dat <- subset(dat, complete.cases(dat))
attach(dat)

rgdpch00 <- as.matrix(rgdpch00/mean(rgdpch00))
rgdpch00 <- rgdpch00[order(rgdpch00),]

n <- length(rgdpch00)

KK.store.loo <- matrix(0,nrow=n,ncol=n)
KK.store.convolution <- matrix(0,nrow=n,ncol=n)

h <- seq(0.001,0.5,0.001)

lscv.loo <- matrix(0,nrow=length(h),ncol=1)

for (jj in 1:length(h)){
  for (j in 1:n){
    dx <- (rgdpch00 - rgdpch00[j])/h[jj]
    KK <- solve(sqrt(2*pi))*exp(-0.5*dx^2)
    KK.convolution <- solve(sqrt(4*pi))*exp(-0.25*dx^2)

    KK.store.loo[,j] <- KK
    KK.store.loo[j,j] <- 0
    KK.store.convolution[,j] <- KK.convolution
  }

  lscv.loo[jj] <- solve(n^2*h[jj])*sum(KK.store.convolution) - 2*solve(n*(n-1)*h[jj])*sum(KK.store.loo)
}
```