

Economics 471: Introductory Econometrics

Department of Economics, Finance and Legal Studies

University of Alabama

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Midterm II

The exam consists of three questions on three pages. Each question is of equal value.

1. Consider the multiple linear regression model

$$y_i = \alpha + \beta_1 x_{1i} + \beta_2 x_{2i} + \beta_3 x_{3i} + u_i.$$

Suppose that x_{2i} , $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ is multiplied by the same constant c . What is the effect of this on (no proof necessary, just explain):

- (a) each of the parameter estimates (α , β_1 , β_2 and β_3)
- (b) the standard errors of each of the parameter estimates
- (c) the t-statistics of each of the parameter estimates?

Now suppose that instead of x_{2i} , y_i , $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ is multiplied by the same constant c . What is the effect of this on (no proof necessary, just explain):

- (d) each of the parameter estimates (α , β_1 , β_2 and β_3)
- (e) the standard errors of each of the parameter estimates
- (f) the t-statistics of each of the parameter estimates?

2. Consider the following six wage models using data extracted from the March, 2015 Current Population Survey of the U.S. Census Bureau.

Model 1	$W_i = \alpha + u_i$
Model 2	$W_i = \alpha + \beta_1 FE_i + u_i$
Model 3	$W_i = \alpha + \beta_2 NW_i + u_i$
Model 4	$W_i = \alpha + \beta_3 UN_i + u_i$
Model 5	$W_i = \alpha + \beta_1 FE_i + \beta_2 NW_i + u_i$
Model 6	$W_i = \alpha + \beta_1 FE_i + \beta_2 NW_i + \beta_3 UN_i + u_i$

where W = wage, FE = female indicator variable, NW = nonwhite indicator, UN = union indicator, and $i = 1, \dots, n = 1289$. The summary of regressions are provided below. Some results for Model 1 and Model 2 are removed and replaced with upper case letters **A**, **B**, **C**, and **D**.

Model	R^2	$\hat{\sigma}$	SSR	F
1	A	7.90	80304	B
2	0.050	C	76288	D
3	0.016	7.84	78990	21.4
4	0.011	7.86	79452	13.8
5	0.064	7.65	75162	44.0
6	0.073	7.61	74448	33.7

- Test $H_0 : \beta_2 = \beta_3 = 0$ for Model 6. Interpret the test result.
- Test $H_0 : \beta_2 = 0$ in Model 5. Interpret the test result.
- What are the values of **A** and **B** for Model 1.
- Compute the value of **C** and **D** for Model 2.

3. Suppose I am thinking about figuring out how much my rent will be given my income. I have gathered data on Tuscaloosa apartment rents (\$/Year) and the incomes of the people who live in those apartments (\$/Year), as well as the square footage of the apartment and whether it has an unobstructed view (Dummy Variable). Suppose the equation for this model is

$$Rent = \alpha + \beta Income + \gamma Income^2 + \theta SquareFoot + \delta View + u$$

- Interpret the impact of *Income* on yearly *Rent*?
- Interpret the coefficient on *View*.
- What is the \bar{R}^2 (adjusted R^2)?
- Conduct a test for the validity of the regression at the 5% level. Be sure to write the null and alternative hypotheses correctly.

Regressor \ Dependent	<i>Rent</i>
Intercept	5455.48 (602.77)
<i>Income</i>	0.0635 (0.0143)
<i>Income</i> ²	-0.0002 (0.0084)
<i>SquareFoot</i>	0.0234 (0.0074)
<i>View</i>	1000.26 (206.93)
Observations	108
R^2	0.1555